Addendum

Number 7 Page 2

Just to the side and down the hill from the main farmhouse is a combined slave quarters and springhouse. This structure, with combined-function quarters, is typical of northern and western Maryland. The building was likely a one-story, one-bay springhouse first, with the slave quarters added ca. 1830. The building is typical for slave quarters in the region, with two bays, one window, one door, and 1½ stories. It is constructed of limestone, with the rooms plastered and whitewashed to make them suitable for habitation.

Addendum

Number 8 Page 2

The slave quarters / springhouse structure is significant as a typical example of combined-function quarters in Maryland. The building is in a sense a material representation of Maryland's place as a "middle ground" between slave and free. In the south, and in southern and eastern Maryland, the economy was centered on crops like tobacco and cotton which depended on year-round labor for tending, harvesting and processing. But in northern and western Maryland, wheat was the dominant crop, and it required additional hands primarily only for the several weeks of harvest time. Here slaveholdings were small. Farmers and laborers negotiated a mixed labor economy of slave and seasonal hired labor. Owners hired out slaves, found ways to rid themselves of non-producers like children and women who could not participate in the heavy labor of the harvest, and even took advantage of the labor of their slaves' free black family members to help support slaves and be available for work in the harvest. Mirroring this labor situation, farmers often economized by housing slaves in outbuildings that also served other service functions rather than supporting rows of freestanding slave quarters.

The distribution of slaves and a black population across northern Maryland roughly followed settlement patterns—emigrants of German heritage with no slaveholding tradition and favoring smaller farms who moved down from Pennsylvania across the northern and western portions of the counties and slaveholding emigrants of English backgrounds who were used to larger-scale farming moving from southern Maryland across the southern and eastern areas of the counties. The Roulette/Miller Farm illustrates an exception to that pattern. John Miller's grandfather was a German immigrant to Lancaster County, Pa. His father moved to the Sharpsburg vicinity in 1792. The stone springhouse was originally a one story, one bay structure. A clear line in the stonework shows where two more bays and a half story loft were added to the building, corresponding to Miller's increasing his slave holdings from one in 1820 to three in 1840.

In 1856, William Roulette married Margaret Ann Miller, daughter of John Miller. He purchased his father-in-law's farm, adjoining the Mumma farm and the Piper farm, in 1857. He never owned slaves, but in the 1860 census two free blacks were listed as part of his household: Robert Simon, a 15-year-old farm hand, and Nancy Campbell, a 40-year-old woman employed as a servant.

Addendum

Number 8 Page 3

Nancy Campbell was the former slave of Peter Miller, uncle of Margaret Ann Roulette. When Peter died in 1856, he owned "1 Colored Woman," appraised at \$250.00. According to Peter's will, Nancy became the property of his son, Andrew Miller, who freed her in June 1859. Her Certificate of Freedom, issued by the county as proof that she was no longer a slave, described Nancy as "5 feet 1 ½ inches high, of a dark complexion, without perceptible marks upon her person." As single black women were particularly vulnerable in this economy, Campbell appears to have immediately taken employment in the Roulette home, where she remained for the rest of her life.

Where Nancy, domestic servant, and Robert, farm hand, lived as employees on the Roulette farm is unknown. It is possible that both occupied the living quarters adjoining the springhouse formerly occupied by the slaves of John Miller. However, a room located directly above the kitchen in the main house seems a more likely location for Nancy as the family's domestic servant; a boxed stair leads from the upper room directly to the kitchen.

Nancy Camel, as she later called herself, was a member of the Manor Church, a Dunker congregation north of Sharpsburg. At the time of her death in 1892, Camel's total worth was \$867.04 in cash. Having never married, in her will she left most her money to Susan Rebecca Roulette, William's daughter, and to the children of both Peter and Andrew Miller. She was buried in the Manor Church cemetery under a gravestone inscribed, "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord."

Addendum

Number 9 Page 1

Edith B. Wallace, "Reclaiming Forgotten History: Preserving Rural African-American Resources in Washington County, Maryland" (master's thesis, Goucher College, 2003), 40-42, 59-61, 91, 135-136.



WA-II-351 Roulette House, Antietam BattleGeld, Washington Co. MD

MS5+12 W vuid. House. Front plevation

Paula Reed



WA-II-351
Roulette House, Antictam Battlefield, Washington Co. MD
Paula Reed

MDSHPO SE VIEW, rear of house

2/4



WA-11-351

Roulette Farm, Antietam Battle Field, Washington Co. MD

Springhouse, QUAITET NW VIEW

3/4

Paula Reed



WA-II-351 Roulette Farm, Antietam Battlefield, Washington Co. MD

Paula Reed 6/09 MDSHPO

NE voir, Spingbouse, guartor

14

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

WA-II-351 District 1 Map 76 Parcel 4 MAGI # 2209135235

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

NAME		inclo	Led in Anhelm	BAHRE	
HISTORIC Roulett	e Farm		ded in Anhelm	pranti-ye	
AND/OR COMMON			19009		
LOCATION	Γ				
STREET & NUMBER Antieta	m Battlefield				
CITY. TOWN Sharpsburg		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT			
STATE Maryland		VICINITY OF 6 COUNTY Washington		on	
CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY DISTRICT X_BUILDING(S) STRUCTURESITEOBJECT	OWNERSHIP _PUBLIC X_PRIVATE _BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION _IN PROCESS _BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS X_OCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED YES: UNRESTRICTED X_NO	X_agriculture _commercial	ENT USE _MUSEUM _PARK X_PRIVATE RESIDER _RELIGIOUS _SCIENTIFIC _TRANSPORTATIO _OTHER:	
OWNER OF	PROPERTY				
Howard E. Miller, Jr.			Telephone #:		
Route #	1		CTATE P	in and	
Sharpsb	urg —	VICINITY OF	Maryland	ip code 21782	
	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION unty Court House	Liber #: 311 Folio #: 631		
STREET & NUMBER	West Washingto				
CITY. TOWN	Hagerstown	on Street	STATE Maryland	21740	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
DATE		FEDERALSTATECOUNTYLOCAL			
	DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS		J.		

CONDITION

_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

X_GOOD

_FAIR

__DETERIORATED

_UNEXPOSED

__RUINS

.

XALTERED 4 50%

X_ORIGINAL SITE

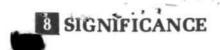
MOVED D

DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This farm makes up part of the Antietam Battlefield although it is not owned by the National Park Service. The house on the property is a long, narrow eight story two part log structure covered with German and aluminum siding. The more southerly part of the house is a one story, four bay structure with small six over six windows having their lintels on a lower plane than the door lintel. A deep overhanging porch extends along the front elevation. A large exterior chimney topped with brick is against the south end wall. The remaining five bays are attached to the north end wall of the first section and appear to be an addition. Nine over six sashes are used at several openings while others have six over six sashes. Part of the front wall is recessed. This section of the house has an inside end chimney of brick and several small gable roofed dormers. Doors with six raised panels are present at both sections.

Other buildings in the complex include a secondary stone dwelling over a spring and several outbuildings. A large frame bank barn is also present.



PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
_PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
_1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	X_AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	ZMILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
X_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
X_1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This complex is most notably associated with the Civil War Battle of Antietam which occurred on September 17, 1862. The farm was in an area of major fighting. However, the buildings themselves have importance as examples of the area's early architecture. At least part of this house may have been built design the late 18th century. The exterior stone chimney and the uneven door and window lintels of the south section are often associated with pre 1800 log buildings in this region.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

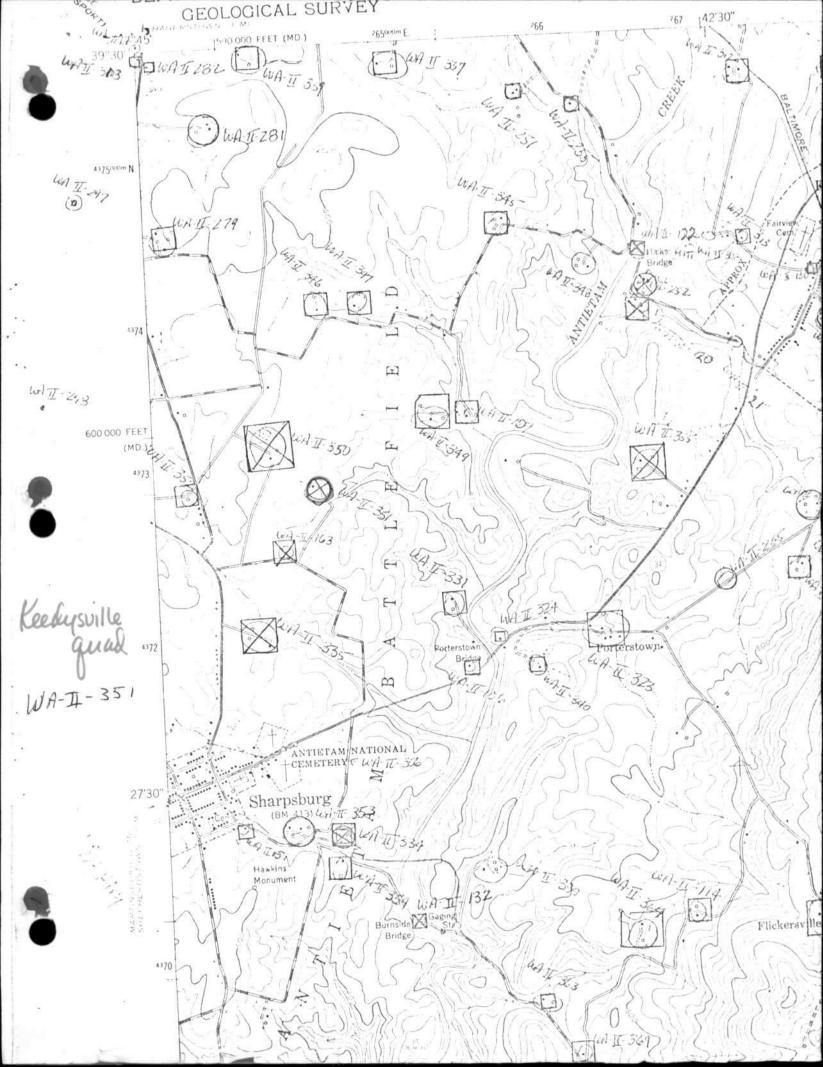
CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY	ζ
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 179 1/2 acres	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	C C C
E = 101 - 2. 100°s	
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERI	LAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE COUNT	v
CONT	
STATE COUNTY	Y
11 FORM PREPARED BY	
11 FORM PREPARED BY	
Paula Stoner, Architectural Historian	
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Preservation Associates STREET & NUMBER	June 1978
109 West Main Street, Box 202	301-432-5466
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Sharpshuro	Maryland 21782

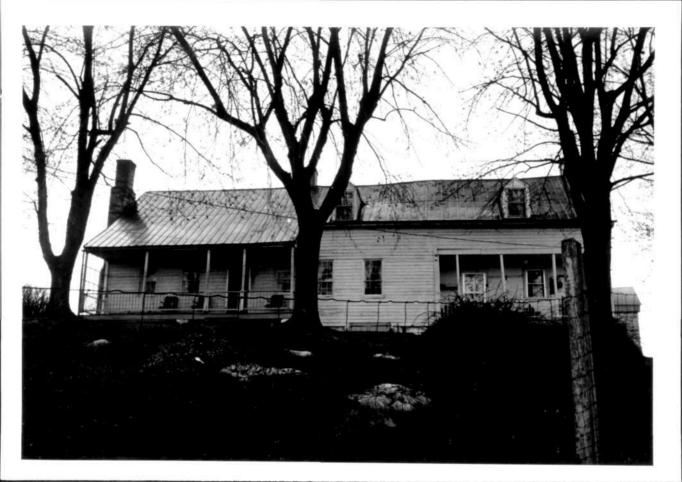
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438





WA-IT-351 E. April. 1976 Roulette Farm

Antietam Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity



WA-II-351 W. April 1976 Roulette Farm

Antietam Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity



WA-II-351 Secondary dwelling S.E. April, 1916 Roulette Farm

Antietam Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity



Roulette Farm

Antietam Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity

Secondary dwelling S. w.



Roulette Farm

Antietam Battlefield Sharpsburg Vicinity

PAULA STONER DICKEY
CONSULTANT, WASHINGTON CO.
HISTORICAL SITES SURVEY

WA-II-351 N. April, 1916